A Study of the Gospel of Luke - Part One Lesson 23

木	Read Luke 9:18-36.
*	Reread Luke 9:18-22.
1.	As the passage begins, we once again find Jesus engaged in prayer. Luke describes Jesus as "praying in private" (v. 18), but who is present and observing Jesus in this act of personal prayer? (v. 18)
2.	Jesus ends his prayer and asks his disciples a question. What connection might there be between his conversation with the Father and his interaction with the disciples? (Jn. 14:10b)
3.	Both commoners and royalty were pondering the question of Jesus' identity (Lk. 9:7–9). a. Who do the crowds think he might be? (v. 19)
	b. What possibility do they miss entirely?
4.	Immediately after asking the disciples for the crowd's opinion, Jesus makes his question personal. a. How does Peter answer Jesus? (v. 20)
	b. What implications does his answer hold for the disciples' faith? (1 Jn. 5:1a, 4–5, 20)
5.	Why do you think Jesus commands the disciples not to tell anyone?

6.	The disciples have realized and acknowledged that Jesus is "the Christ of God" (v. 20) - God's anointed, the Messiah, the Son of Man. The Jews, including the disciples, expected the Messiah to be a political, military king of victory and glory who would deliver them from Roman oppression. Jesus needs to explain to the disciples that he is not that kind of Messiah. What four things does Jesus explain MUST happen to the Son of Man? (v. 22)
*	Read Luke 9:23-27.
7.	Jesus now lays out the implications of following him in light of what he has just revealed. What three things does Jesus say to anyone who wants to be his disciple? (v. 23)

Verse 23 is the very first time Luke uses the word "cross." The disciples would have been familiar with crosses, but when Jesus tells them to take up their cross daily, they would have been both shocked and confused. It would be like telling a modern person to prepare daily for the electric chair. The disciples would have had no idea that Jesus himself was going to be crucified, and they could never have imagined the cross being so stripped of its horror as to inspire jewelry and home decor.

8. What would it look like for you to intentionally deny yourself, take up your cross, and follow Jesus daily?

"In Jesus' day, a cross wasn't just a symbol of pain and suffering; it was mainly a symbol of death. What Jesus was telling them is that they needed to put to death their own plans and desires, and then turn their lives over to Him and do His will every day." –Billy Graham

- 9. Seeking out our own pleasure and comfort comes easily to us as fallen humans. But choosing that life is to "lose or forfeit [our] very self" (v. 25) and to live devoid of joy.
 - a. What does it look like to "lose our lives" for Christ? (Consider Rom. 12:1-3.)
 - b. If we "lose our lives," what does Jesus promise will happen? (v. 24)

c. What kind of the does je	sus promise: ()11. 10	.100)
10. What will Jesus' reaction be glory" (v. 26)? (v. 26)	to those who are "as	hamed of [him] and [his] wordswhen he comes in his
* Read Luke 9:28–36. 11. About a week after Peter ide "God's Messiah" (v. 20), Jesu James, and John up the mou What are they going to do?	ıs takes Peter, ntain with him.	The meaning of verse 27 is not immediately clear. The most straightforward interpretation is that Jesus is referring to the glory that will be revealed in his Transfiguration (vv. 28–36). In this case, Peter, James, and John are the ones who will "see the kingdom of God" (v. 27) before they die.
12. This is not a normal prayer	time. What happens	to Jesus as he prays? (v. 29)
(v. 30)	•	men appear and talk with him. Who are these men?
14. In verse 31, Moses, the law a Elijah, the prophet, speak w who came to fulfill the law a prophets. They are discussi "departure" (v. 31). What d "departure" mean? (1 Cor. 2)	ith Jesus, and the reason death oes great Exodu Egypt Exodu slaver promi	word for 'departure' is exodus [T]he In Luke has chosen this word is that in his I Jesus will enact an event just like the Exodus from Egypt, only more so. In the first is, Moses led the Israelites out of slavery in and home to the promised land. In the new is, Jesus will lead all God's people out of the by of sin and death, and home to their sed inheritance – the new creation in which hole world will be redeemed."

15.	wh avo Elij	eter wanted to prolong the stay of the heavenly visitors". ² Instead of maintaining his focus on Jesu om he had so recently declared "God's Messiah" (v. 20), he wants to bask in the glory present and oid the coming suffering that Jesus revealed (v. 22) and has just been discussing with Moses and jah. ³ How does God interrupt Peter's ramblings? (vv. 34–35a)
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	b.	What command does God give? (v. 35b)
	c.	Why is it so important that the disciples heed this command?
16	Sur	prisingly, the disciples do not tell anyone about this intense experience. Why? (Mt. 17:9)
10.	Jui	prisingly, the disciples do not ten diffone about this intense experience. Why: (we. 17.7)
	d pa	hese passages reveal both Jesus' true identity and the path of suffering, rejection, eath, and resurrection that lies ahead. Jesus' followers will have to walk the same th. As we obey the Father and listen to Jesus Christ above all else and all others, let pray for the ability to deny ourselves and take up our crosses daily to follow Jesus through suffering to abundant life in his holy will.

³ Ibid.

¹ N. T. Wright. Luke for Everyone (Louisville: Westminster John Knox Press, 2004), 114-115. ² Frank E. Gaebelein, Gen. Ed. *The Expositor's Bible Commentary with the New International Version of the Holy Bible in Twelve Volumes*. Vol. 8 (Matthew, Mark, Luke) (Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1984), 927.